

Ultramid® A3Z HP

Polyamide 66



Product Description

Ultramid A3Z HP is an unreinforced, impact modified, heat stabilized, high flow PA66 injection molding grade. Ultramid A3Z HP offers a unique combination of maximum toughness and impact resistance with excellent high flow processability.

PHYSICAL	ISO Test Method	Property Value	
Density, g/cm	1183	1.07	
MECHANICAL	ISO Test Method	Dry	Conditioned
Tensile Modulus, MPa	527		
23C		1,900	-
Tensile stress at yield, MPa	527		
23C		50	-
Tensile strain at yield, %	527		
23C		5	-
Nominal strain at break, %	527		
23C		45	-
Flexural Modulus, MPa	178		
23C		1,800	-
IMPACT	ISO Test Method	Dry	Conditioned
Izod Notched Impact, kJ/m ²	180		
23C		80	-
-40C		23	-
Charpy Notched, kJ/m ²	179		
23C		90	-
-30C		28	-
Charpy Unnotched, kJ/m ²	179		
23C		N	-
-30C		N	-
THERMAL	ISO Test Method	Dry	Conditioned
Melting Point, C	3146	260	-
HDT A, C	75	64	-

Processing Guidelines

Material Handling

Nylon 66 materials must be properly dried in order to provide parts with optimum strength and toughness. Nylon 66 materials are hygroscopic and will become degraded by excessive moisture during the injection molding process. For unopened bag/box, dry at 60 degC (140 degF) for 1-2 hours. For material exposed to the atmosphere, if additional drying is needed, dry at 66 degC (150 degF) or until the moisture level is between 0.04 - 0.20%.

Typical Profile

Melt Temperature: 288-305 degC (550-581 degF)
 Mold Temperature: 60-100 degC (140-212 degF)
 Injection Pressure: 35-125 MPa (5000-18000 psi)
 Back Pressure: 0-0.35 MPa (0-50 psi)
 Screw RPM 40-80
 Screw Compression Ratio:3:1-4:1

Mold Temperatures

This product can be processed over a wide range of mold temperatures; however, for applications where aesthetics are critical, a mold surface temperature of 60-100 degC (140-212 degF) is recommended.

Pressures

Injection pressure controls the filling of the part and should be applied for 90% of ram travel. Packing pressure affects the final part and can be used effectively in controlling sink marks and shrinkage. It should be applied and maintained until the gate area is completely frozen off.

Fill Rate

Fast fill rates are recommended to ensure uniform melt delivery to the cavity and prevent premature freezing.

Note

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